

**Asia-Pacific consensus** Utility of PIVKA-II in HCC surveillance and monitoring

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# The first Asia-Pacific consensus statement on PIVKA-II in HCC

### Background



Six consensus statements on the clinical value of PIVKA-II in HCC detection and treatment monitoring were reached with strong levels of agreement



# Experts agreed on the use of PIVKA-II as an aid in diagnosis of HCC

## PIVKA-II in combination with AFP improves the detection of HCC, including small-sized tumors (≤3 cm), compared to either biomarker alone



PIVKA-II is valuable in the detection of HCC in AFP-negative HCC patients



## Experts agreed that PIVKA-II is valuable in:



Monitoring MVI risk to predict tumor prognosis



Monitoring outcomes and recurrence after curative treatment



Facilitating patient selection for liver transplant

Indicating response to TACE/TARE

#### **References:**

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- 5. Kao WY et al. Medicine 2015;94:e1929.
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### Abbreviations:

AFP, alpha fetoprotein; APASL, Asian Pacific Association for the Study of the Liver; AUC, area under the curve; HCC, hepatocellular carcinoma; MVI, microvascular invasion; PIVKA-II, Protein Induced by Vitamin K Absence or antagonist-II; RFA, radiofrequency ablation; TACE, transarterial chemoembolization; TARE, transarterial radioembolization.